

RAYCON PI - Series Solar Charge Controller Technical Specifications

SOLAR PWM CHARGE CONTROLLER FOR INVERTER/UPS INTEGRATION

Now you cut down your monthly electricity bill by simply converting your existing non solar UPS to Solar just by adding RAYCON PI Solar Charge Controller and Solar Panels. It is one time investment and it can reduce electricity bill considerably. Return on the Investment can be expected well within 2 years of utilization of this system.





Installation of RAYCON Inverter Integrator does not require electrical wiring. All that you have to do is:

1) Unplug the three pin mains plug of the HUPS from the mains supply socket and plug it to the socket provided in the RAYCON PI solar charge controller.

2) Connect the Battery positive to positive terminal connection and negative of the Battery to negative terminal connection provided on the RAYCON Solar Charge controller. (Marked as B+ and B-)

3) Connect the Solar Panel positive to positive terminal connection and negative of the Solar Panel to negative terminal connection provided on the Solar Charge controller. (Marked as P+ and P-)

4) Lastly Plug the Mains chord of the Solar Charge Controller to the Mains supply and Switch on the Mains supply switch.

You have successfully completed the installation.

| Table of Suitable RAYCON charge controllers for various Solar panel and Inverter configurations | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Model No: | Solar panel Size (Peak Watt) | Inverter Configurations (VA) | |
| RAYCON PI-2420 | 100 - 250 Watt in 12 Volt configuration | 300 - 800 VA (All makes of HUPS / Inverter in 12 Volt mode) | |
| | 100 - 500 Watt in 24 Volt configuration | 600 - 880 VA (All makes of HUPS / Inverter in 24 Volt mode) | |
| RAYCON PI-2440 | 100 - 500 Watt in 12 Volt configuration | 600 - 1200 VA (All makes of HUPS / Inverter in 12 Volt mode) | |
| | 200 - 1000 Watt in 24 Volt configuration | 880 - 2200 VA (All makes of HUPS / Inverter in 24 Volt mode) | |



I. Technical Specifications:

| | Product Rating | 12/24 V , 20 A (12 / 24 V | 12/24 V , 40 A (12 / 24 V |
|----|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | Automatic Selection) | Automatic selection) |
| | | Model: RAYCON PI – 2420 | Model: RAYCON PI - 2440 |
| 1 | Nominal SPV input voltage | 12/24 V DC | 12/24 V DC |
| 2 | Max. SPV input voltage | 55 V DC | 55 V DC |
| 3 | Nominal SPV input current | 15.0 Ampere | 35.0 Ampere |
| 4 | Max. SPV input current | 20.0 Ampere | 40.0 Ampere |
| 5 | Max. Load Current | 16.0 Amp | 35.0 Amp |
| 6 | Self Consumption | < 30 mW @ 25 °C | < 30 mW @ 25 °C |
| 7 | Float Charge | 13.7 V DC @ 25°C in 12V mode | 13.7 V DC @ 25°C in 12V mode |
| | | 27.4 V DC @ 25°C in 24V mode | |
| | | | 27.4 v DC @ 25 C in 24v mode |
| 8 | Boost Charge | 14.4 V DC @ 25°C,2h in 12V mode | 14.4 V DC @ 25°C,2h in 12V |
| | | 28.8 V DC @ 25°C,2h in 24V mode | mode |
| | | | 28.8 V DC @ 25°C,2h in 24V mode |
| 9 | Equalisation | 14.7V (12 V mode) | 14.7V (12 V mode) |
| | | 29.4V (24 V mode) | 29.4V (24 V mode) |
| | | For every 10 complete cycles @ | For every 10 complete |
| | | 2.45 V per cell (can be | cycles @ 2.45 V per cell (|
| | | customised as per Battery specs) | can be customised as per Battery specs) |
| 10 | Chausing Tashaslass | DW/M with Depart Flast and | DWM with Doost Floot and |
| 10 | Charging rechnology | Equalize modes | Equalize modes |
| 11 | Load Disconnect Voltage | 10.8 V in 12 V mode | 10.8 V in 12 V mode |
| | | 21.6 V in 24 V mode | 21.6 V in 24 V mode |

| 12 | Load Reconnect Voltage | 12.2 V in 12 V mode | 12.2 V in 12 V mode |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 24.4 V in 24 V mode | 24.4 V in 24 V mode |
| 13 | Battery Low voltage cut-off | 10.8 V in 12 V mode | 10.8 V in 12 V mode |
| | | 21.6 V in 24 V mode | 21.6 V in 24 V mode |
| | | Optional Load current | Optional Load current |
| | | compensation for cut-off voltage | compensation for cut-off |
| | | value variation. | voltage value variation. |
| 14 | Battery Type | Gel / Sealed / Flat paste flooded | Gel / Sealed / Flat paste |
| | | | flooded |
| 15 | Recommended Battery | 12V,100AH or 24V,100AH | 12V,200AH or 24V,200AH |
| | Capacity | | |
| 16 | Operating Environment | -20 °C to +60 °C | -20 °C to +60 °C |
| 17 | Temperature Compensation | -5 milli Volt / °C / Cell | -5 milli Volt / °C / Cell |
| 18 | Efficiency | > 98% @ 25 °C | >98% @ 25 °C |

II. Protections

| | Solar Terminal | Battery Terminal | Load Terminal |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Reverse Polarity | YES (Solid State) | YES (Solid State) | -NA- |
| Short circuit | YES | YES (Software based) | YES (Software based) |
| Over current | YES (Software based) | YES (Software based) | YES (Software based) |
| Reverse Current | YES | YES | -NA- |
| Over Voltage | YES (Software based) | YES (Software based) | -NA- |
| Under Voltage | YES (Software based) | YES (Software based) | -NA- |
| Over Temperature | -NA- | -NA- | -NA- |



Note: Please be noted that if the battery terminals are reversed, Buzzer will indicate the alarm upon which the terminals to battery are to be disconnected. Failing to do so will damage the PWM CCU.

III. Indications

| LED | Status | Function |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Solar Charging | ON | During BOOST charging state |
| RED LED Indicator | Flash | During FLOAT charging state |
| | OFF | Under Non-availability of SOLAR Power |
| Battery SOC | RED ON | Under LOW BATTERY condition |
| GREEN and RED LED Indicators | GREEN ON | Under FULL Charge condition |
| Mode indication | ON | During INV. MODE in mode selection |
| YELLOW LED Indicator | OFF | Only solar charge available |
| Mode indication | ON | During DUAL MODE in mode selection |
| Amber LED Indicator | OFF | Only solar charge available |
| Fault Indication | Blinking All LED'S | During fault condition (Disconnect the Solar Panel and Battery terminals during this condition and reconnect one by one by rechecking the connectivity again) |

IV. Selection Switches:

- 1. 2-Switches are provided for Battery type selection.
- 2. 1-Push button Switch for selecting modes during inverter Integration.

V. Precautions:

- 1. Do not connect the Solar panel terminals when battery is connected in reverse polarity.
- t 2. Do not connect the Load when battery is connected in reverse polarity.

Note: Avoid short circuits of Solar Panel / Load terminals during installation.



PWM CHARGE CONTROLLER FOR INVERTER/UPS INTEGRATION

Connectivity Diagram:



Technical features of PWM Charge Controller for Inverter Integration:

- PWM based charging control.
- Charging through Solar panel or Grid supply based on availability of sources.
- Charging based on the mode selection with an option to choose among Power Savings / Maximum backup / Convenience.
- Temperature compensation for better battery charging for various climates and terrain.
- On Board Grid availability detector along with LED Indication.
- Grid connectivity using Relay with built in easily replaceable Fuse.
- 3 Pin Grid Socket cable of handling currents of up to 16 Amp.





Modes of operation of the charge controller:

One Push Button Switch is provided for Power Saver and Dual Mode selection. Default Mode is INV mode, in which SPV power is available along with AC grid up on requirement and necessity. When the user chooses to press the push button Switch for the first time, Charge controller enters into Power Saver Mode and disables the Grid power based charging to the Inverter and only allows Solar Charging. For the Second press of this Button, Charge Controller enters into Dual Power Mode in which Battery will be charged with SPV as well as from Grid continuously until the battery is full.

Inv Mode (Default Mode):

During the Inv mode of operation, the SPV will charge the battery along with AC grid. Based on SPV power and Battery voltage the CC controls Grid power to the Inverter which in turn charges the battery. CC will allow Grid power to the Inverter when Battery Voltage drops down below 12.7 Volts.

Power save Mode:

During the power save mode, only solar source is available to charge the battery (No grid power). Even after the sunset, CC will not allow the grid to take over, but it drives the load with the battery current till battery reaches its lower cut off value.

This mode provides maximum savings to the user but with a compromise on the operating hours of Load. This mode is preferred during Summer/Sunny days to ensure power backup with maximum savings.

Dual Mode:

During the Dual mode of operation, both SPV and Grid will charge the battery until it reaches the maximum charging voltage.

